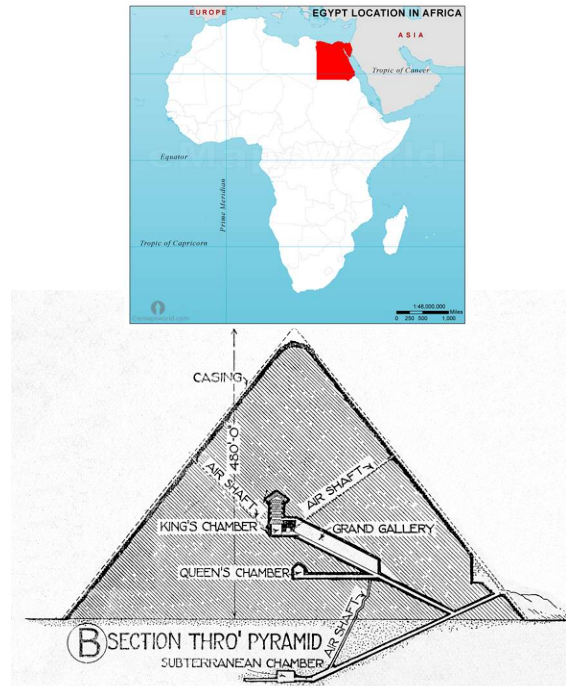


# The Good Old Days? – Sparrowhawk Class

## Timeline

- 6000BC People settle near River Nile
- 5000 BC Farm cattle, wheat and barley
- 4500 BC Egyptians use sails for first time
- 3500 BC First use of hieroglyphics
- 3000 BC First buildings of mud brick
- 2500 BC Great Sphinx and Great Pyramid
- 2400 BC First obelisks built (tombs for nobles)
- 1500 BC Valley of the Kings tombs built
- 1325 BC King Tutankhamun buried
- 525–404 BC Persians invade and rule Egypt
- 332 BC Alexander the Great takes over
- 30 BC onwards Romans control Egypt
- 30 BC Death of Cleopatra

## Pyramids



## Gods



## Vocabulary

<b>Papyrus</b>	Early paper made from the pithy stem of a water plant, used in sheets throughout the ancient Mediterranean world for writing or painting on
<b>Hieroglyph</b>	a stylized picture of an object representing a word, syllable, or sound
<b>Amulet</b>	an ornament or small piece of jewellery thought to give protection against evil, danger, or disease.
<b>Ankh</b>	A symbol of life resembling a cross but having a loop instead of the top arm.
<b>Mummification</b>	Preserving a body by embalming and wrapping it in cloth.
<b>Canopic jars</b>	a covered urn used in burials to hold the organs from an embalmed body.
<b>Temple</b>	a building devoted to the worship of a god or gods.
<b>Sphinx</b>	a winged monster having a woman's head and a lion's body. It propounded a riddle about the three ages of man, killing those who failed to solve it
<b>Lyre</b>	a stringed instrument like a small U-shaped harp with strings fixed to a crossbar
<b>Lute</b>	a plucked stringed instrument with a long neck bearing frets and a rounded body with a flat front
<b>Obelisk</b>	a tapering stone pillar, typically having a square or rectangular