#### **Curriculum Map: PSHE**

#### Intent:

At Randwick we deliver a highly contextual and relevant curriculum specific to our children and community. We enable our children to become independent, confident, healthy and responsible members of our school and community through our PSHE learning and develop our children intellectually, morally, socially and spiritually; it is our belief that the skills, personal attributes and knowledge they will gain in these areas will lead to excellence across the curriculum and beyond in later life.

Weaving through the heart of our PSHE teaching, is a commitment to enhancing and promoting our core values of Friendship, Respect, Excellence and Equality, Perseverance,

Tolerance, Resilience and the British Values.

Subject	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	End points for the year
	Me and My Relationships (EYFS)	Valuing Difference (EYFS)	Keeping Myself Safe (EYFS)	Rights and responsibilities (EYFS)	Being My Best (EYFS)	Growing and Changing (EYFS)	
Owls	Talk about their own interests;     Talk about their families;     Talk about how they are the same or different to others.     Share their favourite interests and objects;     Talk about themselves positively;     Listen to what others say and respond.  People close to me     Talk about the important people in their lives;     Understand that we have different special people;     Name key people outside of families that care for them.  Getting help     Suggest ways in which they can help a friend who is sad;     Choose ways to help themselves when they feel sad.     Talk about when they might feel unsafe or unhappy;     Name the people who will help them;     Notice when a friend is in need at school and help them.     Describe different emotions;     Explore how we feel at certain times or events;     Identify ways to change feelings and calm down.     Identify events that can make a person feel sad;	Similarities and difference	Name things that keep their bodies safe;     Name things that keep their bodies clean and protected;     Think about how to recognise things that might not be safe.     Make safe decisions about items they don't recognise;     Talk about what our bodies need to stay well;     Name the safe ways to store medicine and who can give it to children (adults).     Name some hazards and ways to stay safe inside;     Name some hazards and ways to stay safe outside;     Name some hazards and ways to stay safe outside;     Name the adults who they can ask for help from, and will keep them safe;     Recognise the feelings they have when they are unsafe;  Safe secrets and touches     Talk about keeping themselves safe, safe touches and consent.     Share ideas about activities that are safe to do on electronic devices;     What to do and who to talk to if they feel unsafe online.  People who help to keep us safe     Name people in their lives who help to keep them safe;     Name people in their community who help to keep them safe;     Talk about ways to keep themselves safe in their environment.	Looking after things: friends, environment, money  Name the special people in their lives; Understand that our special people can be different to those of others. Talk about why friends are important and how they help us; Identify ways to care for a friend in need; Identify ways to help others in their community. Identify ways in which they help at home; Recognise the importance of taking care of a shared environment; Name ways in which they can look after their learning environment. Think about what makes the world special and beautiful; Name ways in which they can help take care of the environment, e.g. recycling, saving energy, wasting less; Talk about what can happen to living things if the world is not cared for. Recognise coins and other items relating to money; Identify the uses of money. Talk about why it's important to keep money safe; Identify ways to save money; Talk about why we save money.	Keeping by body healthy – food, exercise, sleep  Name and choose healthy foods and drink; Understand there are some foods that are a "just sometimes" food or drink (eating in moderation); Explain the jobs of different food groups. Name and choose healthy foods and drink; Understand there are some foods that are a "just sometimes" food or drink (eating in moderation); Explain the jobs of different food groups. Explain the jobs of different food groups. Explain the jobs of different food groups. Explain how exercise and what is happening to their body; Explain how exercise can help us stay well - physically and mentally; Name some ways to keep their body fit and well. Understand why our body needs sleep; Talk about their own bedtime routine; Suggest ways to have a calm evening and bedtime routine.  Growth Mindset Share an experience where they haven't achieved their goal; Develop their confidence and resilience towards having a growth mindset; Name a strategy to overcome a hurdle. Share an experience where they haven't achieved their goal. Develop their confidence and resilience towards having a growth mindset. Name a strategy to overcome a hurdle.	Cycles  Name the different seasons and describe their differences; Explain the changes that occur as seasons change; Talk about how they have grown in resilience.  Life stages  To understand that animals and humans change in appearance over time; Use relevant vocabulary such as egg, seed, baby, grow, change, old, young (and the names for young animals); Make observations and ask questions about living things. Use the language and describe the different life stages of: baby, child, teenager, adult, older age. Talk about their own experience of growing up. Explain that a baby is made by a woman and a man, and grows inside a mother's tummy. Understand that every family is different. Talk about similarities and differences between themselves and others. Talk about how they have changed as they have grown. Explain the differences between babies, children, and adults. Understand that we are all unique. Girls and boys — similarities and difference Name parts of the body (including reproductive parts) using the correct vocabulary. Explain which parts of their body are kept private and safe and why. Tell or ask an appropriate adult for help if they feel unsafe.	
Vocabulary	Special, family, feelings Practice, favourite, help, friends, happy, effort, same, special people, different, emojis, kind, helpful	Special, same, kind, new friend, likes, different, kindness, friendship Dislikes, family, home, favourite, unkind	keep clean, sleep, safe, keep safe, water, unsafe, worried, food, detective, tummy feelings, tell, fresh air, uncomfortable, adult, cuddle, trust medicine, address, chemist, doctor, grown	Family, friends, working together, environment, money, look after, responsibility, litter, shop, save help each other, helpful, electricity, buy, safe place, be alone, caring, pollution cost, recycling, pay	bounce back, try, food, exercise, routine, encourage, try again, energy, exercise, heart, calm, grow, muscles, sleep, healthy, wash, fruit, health, vegetable, dairy, grow	Seasons, growing, baby, family, spring, life cycles, child, baby, summer, egg, teenager, love, autumn, seed, adult, care, winter, old age, tummy, grow, private parts	

Subject	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	End points for the
Buzzards Cycle A	Me and My Relationships (Y1) Classroom rules  • Understand that classroom rules help everyone to learn and be safe;  • Explain their classroom rules and be able to contribute to making these.  Feelings  • Recognise how others might be feeling by reading body language/facial expressions;  • Understand and explain how our emotions can give a physical reaction in our body (e.g. butterflies in the tummy etc.).  • Identify a range of feelings;  • Identify how feelings might make us behave;  • Suggest strategies for someone experiencing 'not so good' feelings to manage these  Getting help  • Demonstrate attentive listening skills;  • Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations;  • Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes them feel.  Special people /  Being a good friend  • Identify simple qualities of friendship;  • Suggest simple strategies for making up.  • Recognise that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt;  • Suggest ways of dealing with different kinds of hurt	Valuing Difference (Y1)  Recognising, valuing and celebrating difference  Identify the differences and similarities between people; Empathise with those who are different from them; Begin to appreciate the positive aspects of these differences  Developing respect and accepting others Identify some of the people who are special to them; Recognise and name some of the qualities that make a person special to them. Recognise that they belong to various groups and communities such as their family; Explain how these people help us and we can also help them to help us.  Bullying and getting help Explain the difference between unkindness, teasing and bullying; Understand that bullying is usually quite rare. Explain some of their school rules and how those rules help to keep everybody safe. Recognise and explain what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind; Suggest ways they can show kindness to others.	Keeping Myself Safe (Y1)  How our feelings can keep us safe — including online safety  Recognise emotions and physical feelings associated with feeling unsafe;  Identify people who can help them when they feel unsafe.  Start thinking about how to stay safe online, including safety around sharing images;  Identify people they can trust to help if they see something online that makes them feel scared or uncomfortable.  Recognise the range of feelings that are associated with loss.  Safe and unsafe touches  Understand and learn the PANTS rules;  Name and know which parts should be private;  Explain the difference between appropriate and inappropriate touch;  Understand that they have the right to say "no" to unwanted touch;  Start thinking about who they trust and who they can ask for help.  Medicine Safety  Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill;  Explain simple issues of safety about medicines and their use.  Sleep  Recognise the importance of sleep in maintaining a healthy, balanced lifestyle;  Identify simple bedtime routines	Rights and responsibilities (Y1) Taking care of things:  Demonstrate responsibility in looking after something (e.g. a class pet or plant); Explain the importance of looking after things that belong to themselves or to others.  Myself Recognise how a person's behaviour (including their own) can affect other people.  My money Explain where people get money from; List some of the things that money may be spent on in a family home. Recognise that different notes and coins have different monetary value; Explain the importance of keeping money safe; Identify safe places to keep money; Understand the concept of 'saving money' (i.e. by keeping it in a safe placed and adding to it).  My environment Identify what they like about the school environment; Recognise who cares for and looks after the school environment.	Being My Best (Y1) Growth Mindset  Recognise that learning a new skill requires practice and the opportunity to fail, safely;  Understand the learning line's use as a simple tool to describe the learning process, including overcoming challenges  Recognise the importance of fruit and vegetables in their daily diet;  Know that eating at least five portions of vegetables and fruit a day helps to maintain health.  Recognise that they may have different tastes in food to others;  Select foods from the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate) in order to make a healthy lunch;  Recognise which foods we need to eat more of and which we need to eat less of to be healthy. Hygiene and health  Recognise the importance of regular hygiene routines;  Sequence personal hygiene routines;  Sequence personal hygiene routines into a logical order.  Understand how diseases can spread;  Recognise and use simple strategies for preventing the spread of diseases.  Cooperation  Demonstrate attentive listening skills;  Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations;  Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes them feel.	Growing and Changing (Y1) Getting help  Identify the people who help/helped them at those different stages.  Explain the difference between teasing and bullying; Give examples of what they can do if they experience or witness bullying; Say who they could get help from in a bullying situation.  Explain the difference between a secret and a nice surprise; Identify situations as being secrets or surprises; Identify who they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable about any secret they are told, or told to keep.  Becoming independent Identify things they could do as a baby, a toddler and can do now; My body parts Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and air (oxygen); Recognise that exercise and sleep are important parts of a healthy lifestyle.  Taking care of self and others Identify parts of the body that are private; Describe ways in which private parts can be kept private; Identify people they can talk to about their private parts.	I can name a variety of different feelings and explain how these might make me behave. I can think of some different ways of dealing with 'not so good' feelings. I know when I need help and who to go to for help. I can tell you some different classroom rules. I can say ways in which people are similar as well as different. I can say why things sometimes seem unfair, even if they are not. I can say what I can do if I have strong, but not so good feelings, to help me stay safe (e.g. sad - talk to someone). I can give examples of how I keep myself healthy. I can say when medicines might be harmful (e.g. overdose, if not needed, another person's medicine, etc.) I can give some examples of how I look after myself and my environment - at school or at home. I can also say some ways that we look after money. I can name a few different ideas of what I can do if I find something difficult. I can say why certain foods are healthy and why it's important to eat at least five portions of vegetables/fruit a day. I can identify an adult I can talk to at both home and
Vocabulary	Rules, listening, feelings, hurt, friendship, safe, body language, behaviour, help, making up, responsibility, emotions, work together, heal, support	Same, unkind, rules, fair, special people, family, different, unkindness, safe, unfair, qualities, tease, kind, feelings Respect, teasing, unkind, bully, bullying, behaviour	that promote healthy sleep.  Sleep, feelings, private, consent, medicine, rest, worried, trust, entertainment, safe, emotions, grow, nervous, harmful, loss, tired, scared, risks, responsibility lost, support, unsafe	Behaviour, environment, needs, money, first aid, consequences, responsibility, responsible, cost, bank, risk special person, bills, coin, accident promise, rules, danger, afford, worth, hazard, saving, kettle, safe, burn, scald accident, emergency	Starchy, healthy, hygiene, germ, organ Dairy, fruit , routine, disease, practice, support, heart, protein, vegetables, clean, make mistakes, feedback, lungs Spread, confidence, encourage, intestines , achievement, vitamins, sugar	Energy, change, caring , unkind, surprise, food, growing, love, unkindness, secret, water, size, attention, tease, uncomfortable, air, height, needs, Oxygen, help bully, private, penis, Y2: testicles, nipples	school. If I need help. I can tell you some things I can do now that I couldn't do when I was a toddler. I can tell you what some of my body parts do.
Assessment	the content that has been covered, as well Summative assessment		7, 3,,	pils are invited to assess how well they feel	they have met the learning objective using t	thumbs up. This gives pupils a reminder of	

Subject	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	End points for the
							year
Buzzards Cycle B	Me and My Relationships (Y2) Bullying and teasing  Explain the difference between bullying and isolated unkind behaviour;  Recognise that that there are different types of bullying and unkind behaviour;  Understand that bullying and unkind behaviour are both	Valuing Difference (Y2) Being kind and helping others  Recognise and explain how a person's behaviour can affect other people.  Explain how it feels to be part of a group;  Explain how it feels to be left out from a group;  Identify groups they are part	Keeping Myself Safe (Y2) Safe and unsafe secrets  Identify situations in which they would feel safe or unsafe;  Suggest actions for dealing with unsafe situations including who they could ask for help.  Recognise that body language	Rights and responsibilities (Y2) Cooperation  Describe and record strategies for getting on with others in the classroom. Identify what they like about the school environment; Identify any problems with the school environment (e.g. things needing repair);	Being My Best (Y2) Growth Mindset  Explain the stages of the learning line showing an understanding of the learning process;  Suggest phrases and words of encouragement to give someone who is learning something new;	Growing and Changing (Y2) Life cycles  Identify different stages of growth (e.g. baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult);  Understand and describe some of the things that people are capable of at these different stages.  Dealing with loss	I can tell you some ways that I can get help, if I am being bullied and what I can do if someone teases me. I can suggest rules that will help to keep us happy and friendly and what will help me keep to these rules. I can also tell you about some classroom rules we have made together.
	unacceptable ways of behaving.  Understand and describe strategies for dealing with bullying: Rehearse and demonstrate some of these strategies. Define what is meant by the terms 'bullying' and 'teasing' showing an understanding of the difference between the two; Identify situations as to whether they are incidents of teasing or bullying. Our school rules about bullying Suggest actions that will contribute positively to the life of the classroom; Make and undertake pledges based on those actions. Being a good friend Recognise that friendship is a special kind of relationship; Identify some of the ways that good friends care for each other. Feelings/self-regulation Use a range of words to describe feelings; Recognise that people have different ways of expressing their feelings; Recognise, name and understand how to deal with feelings (e.g. anger, loneliness); Explain where someone could get help if they were being upset by someone else's behaviour.	of;  Suggest and use strategies for helping someone who is feeling left out.  Recognise and describe acts of kindness and unkindness;  Explain how these impact on other people's feelings;  Suggest kind words and actions they can show to others;  Show acts of kindness to others in school.  Celebrating difference  Identify some of the physical and non-physical differences and similarities between people;  Know and use words and phrases that show respect for other people.  People who help us  Identify people who are special to them;  Explain some of the ways those people are special to them.  Listening Skills  Demonstrate active listening techniques (making eye contact, nodding head, making positive noises, not being distracted);  Suggest strategies for dealing with a range of common situations requiring negotiation skills to help foster and maintain positive relationships.	and facial expression can give clues as to how comfortable and safe someone feels in a situation;  Identify safe secrets (including surprises) and unsafe secrets; Recognise the importance of telling someone they trust about a secret which makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable.  Appropriate touch  Identify situations in which they would need to say 'Yes', 'No', 'I'll ask', or 'I'll tell', in relation to keeping themselves and others safe. Identify the types of touch they like and do not like; Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable.  Recognise that some touches are not fun and can hurt or be upsetting; Know that they can ask someone to stop touching them; Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable.  Medicine safety  Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill; Give examples of some of the things that a person can do to feel better without use of medicines, if they are unwell; Explain simple issues of safety about medicines and their use.	<ul> <li>Make suggestions for improving the school environment;</li> <li>Recognise that they all have a responsibility for helping to look after the school environment.</li> <li>Explain, and be able to use, strategies for dealing with impulsive behaviour.</li> <li>Online safety</li> <li>Identify special people in the school and community who can keep them safe;</li> <li>Know how to ask for help.</li> <li>Know the importance of keeping personal information private, when online and only talking to people they know in real life;</li> <li>Know that they can tell an adult they trust if anything happens that makes them worried.</li> <li>Looking after money - saving and spending</li> <li>Understand that people have choices about what they do with their money;</li> <li>Know that money can be saved for a use at a future time;</li> <li>Explain how they might feel when they spend money on different things.</li> <li>Know that money can be saved for a future time and understand the reasons why people (including themselves) might do this.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify and describe where they are on the learning line in a given activity and apply its positive mindset strategies to their own learning.</li> <li>Looking after my body</li> <li>Understand and give examples of things they can choose themselves and things that others choose for them;</li> <li>Explain things that they like and dislike, and understand that they have choices about these things;</li> <li>Understand and explain that some choices can be either healthy or unhealthy and can make a difference to their own health.</li> <li>Hygiene and health</li> <li>Explain how germs can be spread;</li> <li>Describe simple hygiene routines such as hand washing;</li> <li>Understand that vaccinations can help to prevent certain illnesses.</li> <li>Explain the importance of good dental hygiene;</li> <li>Describe simple dental hygiene routines.</li> <li>Exercise and sleep</li> <li>Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and oxygen;</li> <li>Recognise that exercise and sleep are important to health.</li> <li>See link to external resources for further information.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise the range of feelings that are associated with losing (and being reunited) with a person they are close to.</li> <li>Being supportive</li> <li>Demonstrate simple ways of giving positive feedback to others.</li> <li>Growing and changing</li> <li>Identify which parts of our body are private;</li> <li>Explain that our genitals help us make babies when we are older;</li> <li>Understand that we mostly have the same body parts but how they look is different from person to person.</li> <li>Privacy</li> <li>Explain what privacy means;</li> <li>Know that you are not allowed to touch someone's private belongings without their permission;</li> <li>Give examples of different types of private information.</li> <li>Identify how inappropriate touch can make someone feel;</li> <li>Understand that there are unsafe secrets and secrets that are nice surprises;</li> <li>Explain that if someone is being touched in a way that they don't like they have to tell someone in their safety network so they can help it stop.</li> </ul>	I can give you lots of ideas about being what makes a good friend and also tell you how I try to be a good friend. Most of the time I can express my feelings in a safe, controlled way. I can say how I could help myself if I was being left out. I can give a few examples of good listening skills and I can explain why listening skills help to understand a different point of view. I can give some examples of safe and unsafe secrets and I can think of safe people who can help if something feels wrong. I can give other examples of touches that are ok or not ok (even if they haven't happened to me) and I can identify a safe person to tell if I felt 'not OK' about something. I can explain that they can be helpful or harmful, and say some examples of how they can be used safely. I can give examples of when I've used some of these ideas to help me when I am not settled. I can name different parts of my body that are inside me and help to turn food into energy. I know what I need to get energy. I can explain how setting a goal or goals will help me to achieve what I want to be able to do. I can tell you who helps us grow (people who look after us) and what things I can now do myself that I couldn't when I was younger.
Vocabulary	Happy, rules, feelings, friendly, bullying, safe, showing feelings, help, friendship, repeated, teasing, caring, don't do that, regular	Unique, special people, feelings, kind, listening, respect, help, behaviour, cooperate, kindness, being listened to, calm, unkind, listen, aggressive, problem, solve	Sleep, safe, touch, surprise, medicines, unsafe, feelings, hurt, secret, safety, uncomfortable, worried, getting help, tell	Responsibility, feelings, safe, gamer, money, environment, help, control, unsafe, personal information, spending, Share, uniform, internet, saving, take turns, ask for help, risk, listen	Vaccination, oxygen, first aid, encourage, choices, injection, dental, heart, risk, goal, healthy, disease, hygiene, lungs, accident, achieve, unhealthy , stomach, exercise, danger, challenge, germs, small intestine, rest, hazard, large intestine, burn, scald, emergency	Help, change, growing, unique, Support, loss, food, special, Supportive, emotions, sleep, private, frightened, care, nervous, consent, permission, someone you trust, pregnancy, Y2: testicles, nipples	I can give examples of how it feels when you have to say goodbye to someone or something (e.g. move house). I can give examples of how to give feedback to someone.
Assessment	the content that has been covered, as we Summative assessment	nt opportunities for teachers to use - This inc Il as a chance to reflect. iscussions or assessment from SCARF resourc		oils are invited to assess how well they feel		thumbs up. This gives pupils a reminder of	

Subject	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	End points for the year
Kestrels Cycle A	Me and My Relationships (Y3) Rules and their purpose  Explain why we have rules; Explore why rules are different for different age groups, in particular for internet-based activities; Suggest appropriate rules for a range of settings; Consider the possible consequences of breaking the rules.  Cooperation  Define and demonstrate cooperation and collaboration; Identify the different skills that people can bring to a group task; Demonstrate how working together in a collaborative manner can help everyone to achieve success. Rehearse and demonstrate simple strategies for resolving given conflict situations Express opinions and listen to those of others; Consider others' points of view; Practice explaining the thinking behind their ideas and opinions Friendship (including respectful relationships)  Identify people who they have a special relationship with; Suggest strategies for maintaining a positive relationship with their special people. Identify qualities of friendship; Suggest reasons why friends sometimes fall out; Rehearse and use, now or in the future, skills for making up again. Explain what a dare is; Understand that no-one has the right to force them to do a dare; Suggest strategies to use if they are ever made to feel uncomfortable or unsafe by someone asking them to do a dare.	Valuing Difference (Y3)  Recognising and respecting diversity  Recognise that there are many different types of family;  Understand what is meant by 'adoption' 'fostering' and 'same-sex relationships.'  Explain that people living in the UK have different origins;  Identify similarities and differences between a diverse range of people from varying national, regional, ethnic and religious backgrounds;  Identity some of the qualities that people from a diverse range of backgrounds need in order to get on together.  Recognise the factors that make people similar to and different from each other;  Being respectful and tolerant  Reflect on listening skills; Give examples of respectful language; Give examples of how to challenge another's viewpoint, respectfully.  Recognise that repeated name calling is a form of bullying; Suggest strategies for dealing with name calling (including talking to a trusted adult).  Understand and explain some of the reasons why different people are bullied; Explore why people have prejudiced views and understand what this is.  My community  Define the term 'community'; Identify the different community'; Identify the different community; Recognise the benefits that come with belonging to a community, in particular the benefit to mental health and wellbeing.	Keeping Myself Safe (Y3)  Managing risk  Define the words danger and risk and explain the difference between the two; Demonstrate strategies for dealing with a risky situation. Identify risk factors in given situations; Suggest ways of reducing or managing those risks.  Decision-making skills Identify situations which are safe or unsafe; Identify people who can help if a situation is unsafe; Suggest strategies for keeping safe.  Drugs and their risks Understand that medicines are drugs and suggest ways that they can be helpful or harmful. Identify some key risks from and effects of cigarettes and alcohol; Know that most people choose not to smoke cigarettes; (Social Norms message) Define the word 'drug' and understand that nicotine and alcohol are both drugs.  Staying safe online Evaluate the validity of statements relating to online safety; Recognise potential risks associated with browsing online; Give examples of strategies for safe browsing online.	Rights and responsibilities (Y3)  Skills we need to develop as we grow up  Understand the difference between 'fact' and 'opinion';  Understand how an event can be perceived from different viewpoints;  Plan, draft and publish a recount using the appropriate language.  Helping and being helped  Identify key people who are responsible for them to stay safe and healthy;  Suggest ways they can help these people.  Define what a volunteer is; Identify people who are volunteers in the school community;  Recognise some of the reasons why people volunteer, including mental health and wellbeing benefits to those who volunteer.  Looking after the environment  Define what is meant by the environment;  Evaluate and explain different methods of looking after the school environment;  Devise methods of promoting their priority method.  Managing money  Understand the terms 'income', 'saving' and 'spending';  Recognise that there are times we can buy items we want and times when we need to save for them;  Suggest items and services around the home that need to be paid for (e.g. food, furniture, electricity etc.  Explain that people earn their income through their jobs;  Understand that the amount people get paid is due to a range of factors (skill, experience, training, level of responsibility etc.).	Being My Best (Y3)  Keeping myself healthy and well  Explain how each of the food groups on the Eatwell Guide benefits the body;  Explain what is meant by the term 'balanced diet';  Give examples what foods might make up a healthy balanced meal.  Explain how some infectious illnesses are spread from one person to another;  Explain how simple hygiene routines can help to reduce the risk of the spread of infectious illnesses;  Suggest medical and non-medical ways of treating an illness.  Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs, stomach, small/large intestines, liver, brain);  Describe how food, water and air get into the body and blood.  Develop skills in discussion and debating an issue;  Demonstrate their understanding of health and wellbeing issues that are relevant to them;  Celebrating and developing my skills  Explain some of the different talents and skills that people have and how skills are developed;  Recognise their own skills and those of other children in the class.  Developing empathy  Empathise with different viewpoints;  Make recommendations, based on their research.  Identify their achievements and areas of development;  Recognise that people may say kind things to help us feel good about ourselves;  Explain why some groups of people are not represented as much on television/in the	Growing and Changing (Y3)  Relationships  Identify different types of relationships;  Recognise who they have positive healthy relationships with.  Changing bodies and puberty  Understand what is meant by the term body space (or personal space);  Identify when it is appropriate or inappropriate to allow someone into their body space;  Rehearse strategies for when someone is inappropriately in their body space.  Know that our body can often give us a sign when something doesn't feel right; to trust these signs and talk to a trusted adult if this happens;  Recognise that babies come from the joining of an egg and sperm;  Explain what happens when an egg doesn't meet a sperm;  Understand that for girls, periods are a normal part of puberty.  Keeping safe  Recognise and describe appropriate behaviour online as well as offline;  Identify what constitutes personal information and when it is not appropriate or safe to share this;  Understand and explain how to get help in a situation where requests for images or information of themselves or others occurs.  Safe and unsafe secrets  Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret;  Recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them feel;  Know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel	I can usually accept the views of others and understand that we don't always agree with each other.  I can give you lots of ideas about what I do to be a good friend and tell you some different ideas for how I make up with a friend if we've fallen out.  I can give examples of different community groups and what is good about having different groups.  I can talk about examples in our classroom where respect and tolerance have helped to make it a happier, safer place.  I can say what I could do to make a situation less risky or not risky at all.  I can say why medicines can be helpful or harmful.  I can tell you a few things about keeping my personal details safe online. I can explain why information I see online might not always be true.  I can say some ways of checking whether something is a fact or just an opinion.  I can say how I can help the people who help me, and how I can do this. I can give an example of this.  I can give a few examples of things that I can do to take ownership of my healthy and give an example of something that I've done which shows this.  I can explain and give an example of a skill or talent that I've done which shows this.  I can explain and give an example of a skill or talent that I've done which shows this.  I can explain and give an example of a skill or talent that I've done which shows this.  I can name a few things that make a positive relationship and some things that make a negative relationship.  I can tell you what happens
Vocabulary	Rules, friendship, conflict, cooperate, strategies, continuum, dare, responsibility, safety, falling out, point of view, collaborate, opinions, persuade, care, making up, calm, respectful, feelings, loss, compromise, apologise, courteous, feelings, listen, challenging, making up	Respect, family, community, similarities, prejudice, cooperation, adoption, belonging, differences, disability, listening skills, fostering, identity, name calling, gender, politeness, same-sex couple, respect, bullying, race, courtesy, blended family, colour, manners, sexuality	Trust, danger (dangerous), risk (risky), medicines, decisions, safe, safer, drugs, unsafe, feelings, phishing, harmful, cigarettes, strategies, search engine, helpful, nicotine, consequence, fake news, alcohol, internet safety	Helper, fact, volunteer, income, earning, environment, responsibility Responsible, opinion, wellbeing, saving, income, waste, environment, safe, spending, healthy	media.  balanced diet, proteins, muscles, dairy, teeth, bones, starchy carbohydrates, energy, fruit & veg, healthy, infection, cleanliness, hygiene, rest, sleep, water, medicine, drug, dose, safety, instructions, intestine, vessels, veins, arteries, lungs, liver	uncomfortable or unsafe.  Relationships, positive, healthy, trust, caring, personal space, body space, invade, uncomfortable, stop, respect, touch, internet safety, private, public, profile, personal information, egg, sperm, puberty, genitals, testicles, penis, mammals, fertilise fallopian tube vagina, Y4: period, ovary, uterus (womb), lining, period/menstruation pad, tampon,	to the woman's body when the egg isn't fertilised, recognising that it is the lining of the womb that comes away. I can identify when someone hasn't been invited into my body space and show how I can be assertive in asking them to leave it if I feel uncomfortable.
Assessment	the content that has been covered, as we Summative assessment	Intropportunities for teachers to use - This includes a chance to reflect.		I pils are invited to assess how well they feel	they have met the learning objective using	thumbs up. This gives pupils a reminder of	

Me and My Relationships (Y4) ealthy relationships • Explain what we mean by a 'positive, healthy relationship'; • Describe some of the qualities that they admire in others. • Recognise that there are times when they might need to say 'no' to a friend; stening to feelings • Describe 'good' and 'not so good' feelings and how feelings can affect our physical state; • Explain how different words can express the intensity of feelings; • Identify a wide range of feelings; • Recognise that different people can have different	Valuing Difference (Y4) Recognising and celebrating difference (including religions and cultural difference)  List some of the ways that people are different to each other (including differences of race, gender, religion);  Define the word respect and demonstrate ways of showing respect to others' differences.  Recognise that they have different types of relationships with people they know (e.g. close family, wider family, friends, acquaintances);  Give examples of features of these different types of	Keeping Myself Safe (Y4)  Managing risk  Define the terms 'danger', 'risk' and 'hazard' and explain the difference between them;  Identify situations which are either dangerous, risky or hazardous; Suggest simple strategies for managing risk. Describe stages of identifying and managing risk; Suggest people they can ask for help in managing risk. Give examples of some of the consequences of behaving in an unacceptable, unhealthy or risky way.	Rights and responsibilities (Y4)  Making a difference (different ways of helping others or the environment)  Explain how different people in the school and local community help them stay healthy and safe;  Define what is meant by 'being responsible';  Describe the various responsibilities of those who help them stay healthy and safe;  Suggest ways they can help the people who keep them healthy and safe.  Understand that humans have rights and also need to respect the rights of other;	Being My Best (Y4)  Having choices and making decisions about my health  • Recognise that there are times when they will make the same choices as their friends and times when they will choose differently.  • Give examples of choices they make for themselves and choices others make for them;  • Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and oxygen and that exercise and	Growing and Changing (Y4)  Body changes during puberty  Identify parts of the body that males and females have in common and those that are different;  Know the correct terminology for their genitalia;  Understand and explain why puberty happens.  Recognise that babies come from the joining of an egg and sperm;  Explain what happens when an	I can give a lot of examples of how I can tell a person is feeling worried just by their body language. I can say what I could do if someone was upsetting me or I was being bullied. I can explain what being 'assertive' means and give a few examples of ways of being assertive. I can say a lot of ways that people are different, including religious or cultural differences.
feelings in the same situation;  Explain how feelings can be linked to physical state.  Illying  Give examples of strategies to respond to being bullied, including what people can do and say;  Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way might come from.  Sertive skills  Demonstrate strategies for working on a collaborative task;  Define successful qualities of teamwork and collaboration.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying 'no' to a friend.	relationships, including how they influence what is shared.  Understanding and challenging Stereotypes  Define the terms 'negotiation' and 'compromise'; Understand the need to manage conflict or differences and suggest ways of doing this, through negotiation and compromise. Recognise potential consequences of aggressive behaviour; Suggest strategies for dealing with someone who is behaving aggressively. Understand and identify stereotypes, including those promoted in the media.  Understand that they have the right to protect their personal body space; Recognise how others' nonverbal signals indicate how they feel when people are close to their body space; Suggest people they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable with other people's actions towards them.	Understanding the norms of drug use (cigarette and alcohol use)  • Understand that medicines are drugs; • Explain safety issues for medicine use; • Suggest alternatives to taking a medicine when unwell; • Suggest strategies for limiting the spread of infectious diseases (e.g. hand-washing routines). • Understand some of the key risks and effects of smoking and drinking alcohol; • Understand that increasing numbers of young people are choosing not to smoke and that not all people drink alcohol (Social Norms theory).  Influences • Understand that we can be influenced both positively and negatively; • Define what is meant by the word 'dare'; • Identify from given scenarios which are dares and which are not; • Suggest strategies for managing dares.  Online safety • Identify images that are safe/unsafe to share online; • Know and explain strategies for safe online sharing; • Understand and explain the implications of sharing images online without consent.	Identify some rights and also need to respect the rights of others that come with these rights.  Understand the reason we have rules;  Suggest and engage with ways that they can contribute to the decision making process in school (e.g. through pupil voice/school council);  Recognise that everyone can make a difference within a democratic process.  Media influence  Define the word influence; Recognise that reports in the media can influence the way they think about an topic; Form and present their own opinions based on factual information and express or present these in a respectful and courteous manner.  Explain the role of the bystander and how it can influence bullying or other anti-social behaviour; Recognise that they can play a role in influencing outcomes of situations by their actions.  Decisions about spending money  Define the terms 'income' and 'expenditure';  List some of the items and services of expenditure in the school and in the home; Prioritise items of expenditure in the home from most essential to least essential.  Explain what is meant by the terms 'income tax', 'National Insurance' and 'VAT'; Understand how a payslip is laid out showing both pay and deductions;	sleep are important to our health;  Plan a menu which gives a healthy balanced of foods from across the food groups on the Eatwell Guide  Taking care of my environment  Understand the ways in which they can contribute to the care of the environment (using some or all of the seven Rs);  Suggest ways the Seven Rs recycling methods can be applied to different scenarios.  Define what is meant by the word 'community';  Suggest ways in which different people support the school community;  Identify qualities and attributes of people who support the school community.  My skills and interests  Identify ways in which everyone is unique;  Appreciate their own uniqueness;	egg doesn't meet a sperm;  Understand that periods are a normal part of puberty for girls;  Identify some of the ways they can cope better with periods.  Describe some of the changes that happen to people during their lives;  Explain how the Learning Line can be used as a tool to help them manage change more easily;  Managing difficult feelings  Name some positive and negative feelings  Relationships including marriage  Suggest reasons why young people sometimes fall out with their parents;  Take part in a role play practising how to compromise.  Suggest people who may be able to help them deal with change.  Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret;  Recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them feel;  Know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel uncomfortable or unsafe.  Recognise that marriage includes same sex and opposite sex partners;  Know the legal age for marriage in England or Scotland;  Discuss the reasons why a person would want to be married, or live together, or have a civil	I can explain why it's importate to challenge stereotypes that might be applied to me or others.  I can give examples of people or things that might influence someone to take risks (e.g. friends, peers, media, celebrities), but that people have choices about whether they take risks.  I can say a few of the risks of smoking or drinking alcohol o a person's body and give reasons for why most people choose not to smoke, or drink too much alcohol.  I can give examples of positiv and negative influences, including things that could influence me when I am maki decisions. I can explain how a 'bystande I can have a positive effect on negative behaviour they witness (see happening) by working together to stop or change that behaviour. I can explain how these repor (TV, newspapers or their websites) can give messages that might influence how people think about things and why this might be a problem. I can give examples of these decisions and how they might relate to me. I can give a few examples of different things that I do already that help to me keep healthy. I can give different examples some of the things that I do already to help look after my environment. I can label some parts of the body that only boys have and
sysical effects, sad, unhappy,, devastated, iserable, distressed, lonely, alone, ignored, blated, abandoned, apologetic, regretful, morseful, rueful, positive, healthy lationship, friendly, respect rude sponsibilities, aggressive, qualities, nsequences, excluded, face-to-face sertive, assertive, aggressive, compromise, egotiate, respectful	Negotiation, aggressive, similarities, stereotype, sharing, body space Compromise, apologise, differences, acquaintances, invade, respect	Danger, dare, persevere, influence, privacy, medicine, choices, privacy Dangerous, assertive, consequences, privacy settings, drug, social norm, personal information, risk, security, online safety, risky, hazard, hazardous	most essential to least essential.  being responsible, safe, rules, influence, anti-social behaviour, income, income tax, environment, reliable, healthy, democracy, opinion, witness, expenditure, national insurance, conservation, trustworthy, rules, respectful, essential, VAT, laws, courteous, deductions, rights, public services, responsibility, United	individual choices, balanced diet, refuse, community, unique, wellbeing, reduce, mental health, re-use, rot, recycle, repair, re-think, volunteer, wellbeing, connect, be active, be, mindful, get creative, give to others	Puberty, period, egg, sperm, ovary, fallopian tube, uterus, vagina, period/menstruation, breasts, genitals, testicles, womb, penis Y4: Menstrual cycle, menstruation, menstruation pad, tampon, menstruation cup	only girls have. I can list some of the reasons why a teenager might have these difficult feelings (e.g. conflict with parents). I can tell you why people get married.
iysisel modelati lati	including what people can do and say;  Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way might come from.  Intive skills  Demonstrate strategies for working on a collaborative task;  Define successful qualities of teamwork and collaboration.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying 'no' to a friend.  ical effects, sad, unhappy,, devastated, rable, distressed, lonely, alone, ignored, ted, abandoned, apologetic, regretful, right, right, respect rude possibilities, aggressive, qualities, equences, excluded, face-to-face tive, assertive, aggressive, compromise, tiate, respectful  mative assessment y lesson includes formative assessment content that has been covered, as weln mative assessment	including what people can do and say;  Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way might come from.  ritive skills  Demonstrate strategies for working on a collaborative task;  Define successful qualities of teamwork and collaboration.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no' to a friend.  Understand that they have the right to protect their personal body space;  Recognise potential consequences of aggressive behaviour;  Suggest strategies for dealing with someone who is behaving aggressively.  Understand and identify stereotypes, including those promoted in the media.  Understand that they have the right to protect their personal body space;  Recognise potential consequences of aggressive behaviour;  Understand and identify stereotypes, including those promoted in the media.  Understand that they have the right to protect their personal body space;  Recognise how others' nonverbal signals indicate how they feel when people are close to their body space;  Suggest people they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable with other people's actions towards them.  Negotiation, aggressive, similarities, stereotype, sharing, body space Compromise, apologise, differences, acquaintances, invade, respect with assertive, aggressive, qualties, equences, excluded, face-to-face tive, assertive, aggressive, compromise, tiate, respectful  mative assessment  y lesson includes formative assessment opportunities for teachers to use - This incontent that has been covered, as well as a chance to reflect.	and suggest ways of doing this, through negotiation and compromise.  • Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way might come from.  rtive skills  • Demonstrate strategies for working on a collaborative task;  • Define successful qualities of teamwork and collaboration.  • Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  • Understand that they have the right to protect their personal body space;  • Recognise how others nonverbal signals indicate how they feel when people are close to their body space;  • Suggest people they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable with other people's actions towards them.  cal effects, sad, unhappy,, devastated, rable, distressed, lonely, alone, ignored, eta, abandonad, apologetic, regretful, reseful, rueful, positive, healthy inoship, friendly, respect rude possibilities, aggressive, qualities, aggressive, qualities, aggressive, qualities, aggressive, compromise, take, respectful  mative assessment  y lesson includes formative assessment opportunities for teachers to use – This includes teacher observation, questioning, purcontent that has been covered, as well as a chance to reflect.	including what people can do and say;  Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky aw might come from.  It was skills  Demonstrate strategies for working on a collaborative task;  Demonstrate strategies for working on a collaborative task;  Demonstrate strategies for working on a collaborative task;  Demonstrate strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying no to a friend.  Describe appropriate ass	including what people can do and says:  Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way in the properties of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way in the properties of agreesive behaviour;  Define successful qualities of the montant as strategies for working on a collaborative working on a collaborative or behaviour, aggressive aggressive, qualities of teamwork and collaboration.  Describe appropriate assertite strategies for was to a temperature aggressive aggressive, qualities, aggressive, qualities, respect the aggressive,	including what people can do and say:  Understand and give examples of whose where pressure to unacceptable or risky vay might come from.  Recognise place talgeresive behaviour;  Suggest vays of doing with someone who is behaving agargestery agargestery agargestery of the first white the postable and collaboration.  Define strategies for working on a cullaboration.  Define strategies for saying no to a friend.  Understand that the heads and the they promoted the they have the right to promote their personal body space.  Recognise how others non-verbal stations; to the first when people are close or their work them.  Understand that they have the right to promote their personal body space.  Recognise how others non-verbal stations; to their body space close to th

Subject	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	End points for the year
Hawks Cycle A	Me and My Relationships (Y5) Feelings  Demonstrate how to respond to a wide range of feelings in others; Friendship skills, including compromise  Explain what is meant by the terms negotiation and compromise;  Describe strategies for resolving difficult issues or situations.  Give examples of some key qualities of friendship;  Reflect on their own friendship qualities.  Identify what things make a relationship unhealthy;  Identify who they could talk to if they needed help.  Assertive skills  Identify characteristics of passive, aggressive and assertive behaviours;  Understand and rehearse assertiveness skills.  Cooperation  Explain what collaboration means;  Give examples of how they have worked collaboratively;  Describe the attributes needed to work collaboratively.  Recognising emotional needs  Recognise basic emotional needs, understand that they change according to circumstance;  Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking or other scenarios) and consider outcomes of risk taking in this situation, including emotional risks.	Valuing Difference (Y5) Recognising and celebrating difference, including religions and cultural	Keeping Myself Safe (Y5)  Managing risk, including online safety  Demonstrate strategies to deal with both face-to-face and online bullying;  Demonstrate strategies and skills for supporting others who are bullied;  Recognise and describe the difference between online and face-to-face bullying.  Reflect on what information they share offline and online;  Recognise that people aren't always who they say they are online;  Know how to protect personal information online.  Recognise which situations are risky;  Explore and share their views about decision making when faced with a risky situation;  Suggest what someone should do when faced with a risky situation.  Recognise that there are positive and negative risks;  Explain how to weigh up risk factors when making a decision;  Describe some of the possible outcomes of taking a risk.  Norms around use of legal drugs (tobacco, alcohol)  Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking) and consider outcomes of risk taking in this situation, including emotional risks;  Understand the actual norms around smoking/alcohol and the reasons for common misperceptions of these.  Decision-making skills  Define what is meant by a dare;  Explain why someone might give a dare;  Explain why someone might give a dare;  Suggest ways of standing up to someone who gives a dare.	Rights and responsibilities (Y5) Rights, respect and duties relating to my health  Define the differences between respect, rights and duties; Discuss what can make them difficult to follow Identify the impact on individuals and the wider community if duties are not carried out.  Making a difference Identify, write and discuss issues currently in the media concerning health and wellbeing; Express their opinions on an issue concerning health and wellbeing; Make recommendations on an issue concerning health and wellbeing. Understand the difference between a fact and an opinion; Understand what biased reporting is and the need to think critically about things we read. Explain what we mean by the terms voluntary, community and pressure (action) group; Give examples of voluntary groups, the kind of work they do and its value.  Decisions about lending, borrowing and spending State the costs involved in producing and selling an item; Suggest questions a consumer should ask before buying a product. Define the terms loan, credit, debt and interest; Suggest advice for a range of situations involving personal finance. Explain some of the areas that local councillors are elected to represent their local community.	Being My Best (Y5) Growing independence and taking ownership  Identify their own strengths and talents; Identify areas that need improvement and describe strategies for achieving those improvements.  Keeping myself healthy  Know the basic functions of the four systems covered and know they are inter-related.  Explain the function of at least one internal organ.  Understand the importance of food, water and oxygen, sleep and exercise for the human body and its health.  Identify people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe;  Identify ways that they can help these people.  Media awareness and safety  Describe 'star' qualities of celebrities as portrayed by the media;  Recognise that the way people are portrayed in the media isn't always an accurate reflection of them in real life;  Describe 'star' qualities that 'ordinary' people have.  My community  State what is meant by community;  Explain what being part of a school community means to them;  Suggest ways of improving the school community.	Growing and Changing (Y5)  Managing difficult feelings  Recognise how our body feels when we're relaxed;  List some of the ways our body feels when it is nervous or sad;  Explain strategies they can use to build resilience.  Describe and/or demonstrate how to be resilient in order to find someone who will listen to you.  Managing change  Identify some products that they may need during puberty and why;  Know what menstruation is and why it happens.  Know the correct words for the external sexual organs;  Discuss some of the myths associated with puberty.  How my feelings help keeping safe  Use a range of words and phrases to describe the intensity of different feelings;  Distinguish between good and not so good feelings, using appropriate vocabulary to describe these;  Getting help  Identify people who can be trusted;  Describe strategies for dealing with situations in which they would feel uncomfortable.  Explain the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret;  Identify situations where someone might need to break a confidence in order to keep someone safe.	I can give a range of examples of our emotional needs and explain why they are important. I can explain why these qualities are important. I can give a few examples of how to stand up for myself (be assertive) and say when I migh need to use assertiveness skill I can give examples of differer faiths and cultures and positive things about having these differences. I can explain how people sometimes aim to create an impression of themselves in what they post online that is not real and what might make them do this. I can give examples of things that might influence a person to take risks online. I can explain that I have a choice. I can say the percentage of people aged 11-15 years old that smoke in the UK (3%) and can give reasons why some people think it's a lot more than this. I can give examples of some of the rights and respect of others' rights (people and things) I have as I grow older, at home and school. I can also give real examples of each that relate to me. I can give a few different examples of things that I can take ownership of to keep myself healthy. I can explain that local councinave to make decisions about how money is spent on things we need in the community. I can also give an examples of some of the things they have to allocate money for. I can give an example of when have had increased independence and how that halso helped me to show that I can take ownership of something. I can name several qualities that make people attractive that are nothing to do with hot they look, but about how they they have to an example of one they have had increased independence and how that I can take ownership of something.
Vocabulary	Collaborate, negotiation, non-verbal, insensitive, unhealthy relationship, emotions, assertive, compromise, body language, sensitive, verbal abuse, emotional needs, passive, conflict, tone of voice, physical abuse, aggressive, resolution, face-to-face, sexual abuse, uncomfortable touching, unsafe	friendship, listening skills, excluded, prejudice, embarrassed, respect, discrimination, diverse, sexual orientation, biological sex, multicultural society, gender, identify, verbal abuse physical abuse	Bullying, personal information, assessing risk, dare, substance, risk taking, habit, drugs, norms, cyberbullying, privacy settings, pressure, stimulant, assertive, addiction, cigarettes, perception, influence, resist, alcohol	Responsibility, fact, voluntary group, rights, costs, borrow, public services, opinion, community group, wages, loan, council, biased, pressure (action) group, duties, salaries, credit, vote, unbiased, rent, debit, elections, Fair Trade, interest, councillors	Organs, perseverance, community, independence, personal qualities, life skill, body systems, commitment, school community, responsibility, celebrities, sepsis, resilience, determination, patience, interpersonal skills	Wellbeing, resilience, trust, unwanted attention, unwanted touch, hormones, compromise, respect, mood swings Y5: puberty, pubic hair, egg, sperm, penis, testicles, breasts, ovaries, womb, vagina, vulva, clitoris, labia Y6: egg, ovaries, sperm, testicles, puberty, vagina, penis, orgasm, embryo, womb, sexual intercourse, consensual, condom, surrogacy, adoption, IVF, age of consent, miscarriage	behave.  I can explain what resilience i and how it can be developed. I can list ways that I can prepare for changes (e.g. to g the facts, talk to someone). I am able to identify when I need help and can identify trusted adults in my life who can help me.
Assessment	the content that has been covered, as we Summative assessment			pils are invited to assess how well they feel	they have met the learning objective using	,	

Subject	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	End points for the year
Hawks Cycle B	Me and My Relationships (Y6) Assertiveness	Valuing Difference (Y6) Recognising and celebrating difference  Describe positive attributes of their peers.  Know that all people are unique but that we have far more in common with each other than what is different about us; Demonstrate ways of showing respect to others, using verbal and non-verbal communication. Identify and describe the different groups that make up their school/wider community/other parts of the UK; Describe the benefits of living in a diverse society; Explain the importance of mutual respect for different faiths and beliefs and how we demonstrate this. Recognising and reflecting on prejudice-based bullying Recognise that bullying and discriminatory behaviour can result from disrespect of people's differences; Understand and explain the term prejudice; Understanding Bystander behaviour Suggest strategies for dealing with bullying, as a bystander; Consider how a bystander can respond to someone being rude, offensive or bullying someone else; Demonstrate ways of offering support to someone who has been bullied. Gender stereotyping Define what is meant by the term stereotype; Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce gender stereotypes; Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as normal; Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people. Explain the difference between a friend and an acquaintance; Describe qualities of a strong, positive friendship; Describe the benefits of other types of relationship (e.g. neighbour, parent/carer, relative).	Keeping Myself Safe (Y6) Understanding emotional needs  • Understand that all humans have basic emotional needs and explain some of the ways these needs can be met.  Staying safe online  • Accept that responsible and respectful behaviour is necessary when interacting with others online and face-to-face;  • Understand and describe the ease with which something posted online can spread.  • Identify strategies for keeping personal information safe online;  • Describe safe and respectful behaviours when using communication technology.  • Know that it is illegal to create and share sexual images of children under 18 years old;  • Explore the risks of sharing photos and films of themselves with other people directly or online;  • Know how to keep their information private online.  Drugs: norms and risks (including the law)  • Define what is meant by addiction, demonstrating an understanding that addiction is a form of behaviour;  • Explain how drugs can be categorised into different groups depending on their medical and legal context;  • Demonstrate an understanding that drugs can have both medical and non-medical uses;  • Explain in simple terms some of the laws that control drugs in this country.  • Understand some of the basic laws in relation to drugs;  • Explain why there are laws relating to drugs in this country.  • Understand the actual norms around drinking alcohol and the reasons for common misperceptions of these;  • Describe some of the effects and	Rights and responsibilities (Y6) Understanding media bias, including social media  Define the terms 'fact', 'opinion', 'biased' and 'unbiased', explaining the difference between them; Describe the language and techniques that make up a biased report; Analyse a report also extract the facts from it. Know the legal age (and reason behind these) for having a social media account; Understand why people don't tell the truth and often post only the good bits about themselves, online; Recognise that people's lives are much more balanced in real life, with positives and negatives. Caring: communities and the environment Explain what is meant by living in an environmentally sustainable way; Suggest actions that could be taken to live in a more environmentally sustainable way. Earning and saving money Explain some benefits of saving money; Describe the different ways money can be saved, outlining the pros and cons of each method; Describe the costs that go into producing an item; Suggest sale prices for a variety of items, taking into account a range of factors; Explain what is meant by the term interest. Recognise and explain that different jobs have different levels of pay and the factors that influence this; Explain the different types of tax (income tax and VAT) which help to fund public services; Explain the different types of tax (income tax and VAT) which help to fund public services; Explain the different rules of tax (income tax and vath) which help to fund public services; Explain the different types of tax (income tax and vath) which help to fund public services; Explain the different rules are needed in different situations and how to take part in making and changing rules; Begin to understand the way in which democracy in Britain works. Why and how rules and laws that protect them and others are made and enforced; Why different rules are needed in different situations and how to take part in making and changing rules;	Being My Best (Y6) Aspirations and goal setting	Growing and Changing (Y6)  Coping with changes  Recognise some of the changes they have experienced and their emotional responses to those changes;  Lidentify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change.  Keeping safe  Understand the risks of sharing images online and how these are hard to control, once shared;  Know where someone could get support if they were concerned about their own or another person's safety.  Body Image / Self-esteem  Understand that fame can be short-lived;  Recognise that photos can be changed to match society's view of perfect;  Identify qualities that people have, as well as their looks.  Define what is meant by the term stereotype;  Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce gender stereotypes;  Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as normal;  Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people  Understand that people can feel pressured to behave in a certain way because of the influence of the peer group;  Understand the norms of risk-taking behaviour and that these are usually lower than people believe them to be.  Sex education  Define the word 'puberty' giving examples of some of the physical and emotional changes associated with it;  Suggest strategies that would help someone who felt challenged by the changes in puberty;  Understand what FGM is and that it is an illegal practice in this country;  Identify the changes that happen through puberty to allow sexual reproduction to occur;  Know a variety of ways in which the sperm can fertilise the egg to create a baby;  Know the legal age of consent and what it means.	I can explain bystander behaviour by giving examples of what bystanders do when someone is being bullied. I can give examples of negotiation and compromise. I can explain what inappropriate touch is and give reasons for why some people show prejudiced behaviour and sometimes bully for this reason I can explain the difference between a passive bystander and an active bystander and give an example of how active bystanders can help in bullying situations. I can explain why emotional needs are as important as physical needs and what might happen if a person doesn't get their emotional needs met. I can explain some ways of making sure that I keep myself safe when using a mobile phone, including safety around sharing personal information or images, and that there are law relating to this. I can explain why some people believe that more young people drink alcohol than actually do (misperceive the norm). I can explain why people might do this (why they are showing certain aspects of themselves) and how social media can affect how some people feel about themselves I can explain that what 'environmentally sustainable' living means and give an example of how we can live in a more 'sustainable' way. I can explain the advantages and disadvantages of different ways of saving money. I can tell you how I can overcome problems and challenges on the way to achieving my goals. I can give an example of a secret that should be shared with a trusted adult.
Vocabulary	Collaboration, negotiation, balanced, friendship, sensitive, assertiveness, marriage, appropriate, teamwork, compromise, respectful, thoughtful, resolution, peer pressure, civil partnership, inappropriate, forced marriage, illegal	Witness, unique, point of view, stereotype, bystander, diversity, cultural norms, identity, gender stereotype, biological sex, prejudice, acquaintance, media influence positive feedback sexual orientation, disrespect, respect, assumption confidence, gender identity, body language, self-esteem, gender expression, empathy, tolerance stereotype	risks of drinking alcohol.  Habit, drug, drug laws, alcohol, addiction, legal, age restrictions, short-term effects, emotional needs, illegal, possess, long-term effects, medical supply, risks, non-medical, produce, norms, illegal, penalties	Biased, social media, saving, unbiased, profile, bank (building society) account Fact, image, Junior ISA, opinion, online safety, interest, stereotype, sharing, debit card, cash, value, democracy Election, manifesto, candidate, voting Policies, voting booth, ballot slip, ballot box, constituencies, House of Commons, MP	Aspirations, health, assessing risk, assessing risk, goal setting, wellbeing, weigh up, perseverance, accurate, dilemma, choices, reliable, influence Wellbeing, connect, be active, take notice (mindful), keep learning (get creative), give	Wellbeing, resilience, trust, unwanted attention, unwanted touch, hormones, compromise, respect, mood swings Y5: puberty, pubic hair, egg, sperm, penis, testicles, breasts, ovaries, womb, vagina, vulva, clitoris, labia Y6: egg, ovaries, sperm, testicles, puberty, vagina, penis, orgasm, embryo, womb, sexual intercourse, consensual, condom, surrogacy, adoption, IVF, age of consent, miscarriage	I can tell you some emotional changes associated with 'puberty' and how people may feel when their bodies change. I can give examples of other ways in which the way some people feel about themselves can be affected (e.g. images of celebrities).
Assessment	the content that has been covered, as we Summative assessment		cludes teacher observation, questioning. pu	oils are invited to assess how well they feel	they have met the learning objective using		